

**Guru Tegh Bahadur Institute of Technology, New Delhi**

Lesson Plan for (Algorithm Design & Analysis)

**Course Name: B.Tech.**

**Semester: 5th**

**SUB CODE: ETCS 301**

No of hours allotted to complete the syllabi: **40**

No of hours allotted per week: **4**

<b>S.No</b>	<b>Topic Details</b>	<b>No of Hours Planned</b>	<b>Reference/text book</b>
1.	<b>Unit-I:</b> Asymptotic notations for time and space complexity, Big-Oh notation, $\Theta$ notation, $\Omega$ notation, the little-oh notation, the little-omega notation.	1	T1,R1
	Recurrence relations: iteration method, recursion tree method, substitution method, master method (with proof), subtract and conquer master method(with proof)	4	T1, R2
	Data Structures for Disjoint Sets, Medians and Order statistics.	2	T1
	Complexity analysis, Insertion sort, Merge Sort, Quick sort.	2	T1, R2
	Strassen's algorithm for Matrix Multiplications.	1	T1, R1
2.	<b>Unit-II</b> <b>Dynamic Programming:</b> Ingredients of Dynamic	2	T1, T2, R3

	<p>Programming, emphasis on optimal substructure, overlapping substructures, memorization.</p> <p>Matrix Chain Multiplication  Longest common subsequence  Optimal binary search trees  problems.0-1 knapsack  problem. Binomial coefficient  computation through dynamic  programming. Floyd Warshall  algorithm.</p>	7	T1, T2, R1
3.	<p><b>Unit-III</b></p> <p><b>Greedy Algorithms:</b> Elements of Greedy strategy, overview of local and global optima, matroid</p> <p>Activity selection problem, Fractional Knapsack problem, Huffman Codes, A task scheduling problem.</p> <p>Minimum Spanning Trees: Kruskal's and Prim's Algorithm, Single source shortest path: Dijkstra's and Bellman Ford Algorithm(with proof of correctness of algorithms).</p>	1  4  5	<p>T1, T2</p> <p>T1, T2, R4</p> <p>T1, R4</p>

4.	<b>UNIT – IV</b>		
	<b>String matching:</b> The naïve String Matching algorithm, The Rabin-Karp Algorithm, String Matching with finite automata, The Knuth-Morris Pratt algorithm.	5	T1, R1
	<b>NP-Complete Problem:</b> Polynomial-time verification, NP-Completeness and Reducibility	2	T1, R1
	NP-Completeness Proof NP –hard, Case study of NP-Complete problems (vertex cover problem, clique problem).	3	T1, R1

**Text Books:**

- [T1] T. H. Cormen, C. E. Leiserson, R. L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, “Introduction to Algorithms”, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed., PHI, 2013.  
 [T2] Jon Klenberg, Eva Tardos, “Algorithm Design”, Pearson Publications, 2014

**Reference Books:**

- [R1] Sara Basse, “introduction to Design & analysis”, Pearson  
 [R2] Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Sanguthevar Rajasekaran, “Computer Algorithms/C++ “Second Edition, Universities Press.  
 [R3] A. V. Aho, J. E. Hopcroft, J. D. Ullman, “The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms”, Pearson Publication, 2013.  
 [R4] Richard Neapolitan, “Foundations of Algorithms” , Fifth Edition, Jones & Bartlett Learning

